IN THE COURT OF APPEALS OF THE STATE OF IDAHO

Docket No. 36102

| STATE OF IDAHO, | 2009 Unpublished Opinion No. 655 |
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| Plaintiff-Respondent, |) Filed: October 27, 2009 |
| v. |) Stephen W. Kenyon, Clerk |
| DONALD SEARS, |) THIS IS AN UNPUBLISHED OPINION AND SHALL NOT |
| Defendant-Appellant. |) BE CITED AS AUTHORITY |
| Appeal from the District Court o Canyon County. Hon. Juneal C. Ke | of the Third Judicial District, State of Idaho, errick, District Judge. |
| Judgment of conviction and unific | ed sentence of seven years, with a minimum |

Molly J. Huskey, State Appellate Public Defender; Eric D. Fredericksen, Deputy Appellate Public Defender, Boise, for appellant.

period of confinement of one and one-half years, for burglary, affirmed; order

denying I.C.R. 35 motion for reduction of sentence, affirmed.

Hon. Lawrence G. Wasden, Attorney General; Lori A. Fleming, Deputy Attorney General, Boise, for respondent.

Before LANSING, Chief Judge, GUTIERREZ, Judge and GRATTON, Judge

PER CURIAM

Donald Sears appeals from his judgment of conviction and unified sentence of seven years, with a minimum period of confinement of one and one-half years, for burglary, Idaho Code § 18-1401, to be served concurrently with a sentence in a separate case. He also appeals the denial of his Idaho Criminal Rule 35 motion for reduction of the sentence. We affirm.

Where a sentence is within the statutory limits, it will not be disturbed on appeal absent an abuse of the sentencing court's discretion. *State v. Hedger*, 115 Idaho 598, 768 P.2d 1331 (1989). We will not conclude on review that the sentencing court abused its discretion unless the sentence is unreasonable under the facts of the case. *State v. Brown*, 121 Idaho 385, 825 P.2d

482 (1992). In evaluating the reasonableness of a sentence, we consider the nature of the offense and the character of the offender, applying our well-established standards of review. *See State v. Hernandez*, 121 Idaho 114, 117-18, 822 P.2d 1011, 1014-15 (Ct. App. 1991); *State v. Lopez*, 106 Idaho 447, 449-51, 680 P.2d 869, 871-73 (Ct. App. 1984); *State v. Toohill*, 103 Idaho 565, 650 P.2d 707 (Ct. App. 1982). When reviewing the length of a sentence, we consider the defendant's entire sentence. *State v. Oliver*, 144 Idaho 722, 726, 170 P.3d 387, 391 (2007).

A motion for reduction of a sentence under I.C.R. 35 is essentially a plea for leniency, addressed to the sound discretion of the court. *State v. Knighton*, 143 Idaho 318, 319, 144 P.3d 23, 24 (2006); *State v. Allbee*, 115 Idaho 845, 846, 771 P.2d 66, 67 (Ct. App. 1989). In presenting a Rule 35 motion, the defendant must show that the sentence is excessive in light of new or additional information subsequently provided to the district court in support of the motion. *State v. Huffman*, 144 Idaho 201, 159 P.3d 838 (2007). In conducting our review of the grant or denial of a Rule 35 motion, we consider the entire record and apply the same criteria used for determining the reasonableness of the original sentence. *State v. Forde*, 113 Idaho 21, 22, 740 P.2d 63, 64 (Ct. App. 1987); *Lopez*, 106 Idaho 447, 680 P.2d 869.

Having reviewed the record, we conclude that the district court did not abuse its discretion in imposing Sears's sentence nor in denying Sears's Rule 35 motion for reduction of sentence. The judgment of conviction and sentence, and the order denying Sears's Rule 35 motion, are affirmed.